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Thesis		Challenges and ways forward in extending the Health Insurance Coverage			
	Title	to Domestic Worker in Cambodia			

Abstract of Master's Dissertation

Despite laws that focus on protecting the privacy of domestic workers, most of them are still abused and exploited in low-wage working conditions and working overtime.

Demand for health insurance from the social security system is still limited in expanding its scope to reach the nationwide provision of services to domestic workers.

Objective: This study emphasizes the manipulating aspects of the social security provision of domestic workers between 18 and 60 in Phnom Penh, Cambodia, focusing on conditions and barriers to employment access to social security.

Method: A qualitative study conducted in Phnom Penh between February and April 2021; utilized the purposive approach and theoretical saturation sampling through individual interviews with domestic workers using semi-structured interviews. In addition, the National Social Security Fund's representatives and union association were invited to express the idea and perspective of extending health social security to the domestic worker. Thematic analysis was adopted to identify recurring themes.

Result: The study findings manipulate the different barriers' aspects of social security provision and domestic workers' conditions, which made them access social security according to their specific status.

* The abstract, containing the objective, method, result and conclusion should not exceed 300-500words and printed double sided on A4 paper)

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In addition, the inadequate nature of the government's character in providing social security is also exposing in the study. In this regard, research papers have shown that broader social movements can be beneficial in improving labor standards for local workers. Finally, research into the government's insufficient coverage of the current provision of social security services to domestic workers will place even more significant pressure on the organization of interactions in the context of workers' detectable information.

Conclusion: The research paper reflects and explores the factor's inspiration for providing social security to local workers. It is essential to assess whether the complexity of procedures, social security, health, and the dissemination of service organization laws is limited to domestic workers. Status Assessing the level of participation, contribution, and uncertainty of domestic workers' working conditions hinders access to social security and health. Finally, the absence of social security for the present working population in the informal sector, especially domestic workers, also raises how long intergenerational agreements can maintain. Regarding this, intergenerational arrangements to assist the whole population and the social construction of social security schemes in Cambodia need more study.

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